

# MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. IV.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1893.

NO. 11

## NEW FARMERS BANK.

### The State Takes a Hand in the Settlement of the Vexed Question.

### As to Who Shall Serve as Receiver For the Bank.

Proceedings have been instituted in the Montgomery Circuit Court by Secretary of State, Headly, for the vacating of the late order of the Court, appointing the Columbia Finance and Trust Company, of Louisville, Trustee for the New Farmers Bank.

This suit is brought under the new Corporation law, which gives the State supervision of the banks of the State, and is the first of its kind. The suit has the approval of the Attorney General, and its progress will be watched with interest.

Under the new law it is claimed the State has the right to institute proceedings when the Secretary of State shall become satisfied that the capital of the bank has been impaired, etc., for the appointment of a Receiver to take charge of the bank's affairs, and the Receiver must be a resident of the county in which the bank is situated. Acting upon the representations made to him by numerous stockholders, the Secretary of State brings this suit. It was to be heard by Judge Cooper (who is now engaged in the Bath Circuit Court) yesterday.

We sincerely hope those engaged in bringing the suit may succeed in their purpose, and thus rid the bank and the people of the county of the Trust Company that now has its grasp upon the bank's affairs. The Trust Company may be ever so honest in its conduct of affairs; we are not assailing the integrity of its management; but it has no interest in common with our people. Its mode of doing business, too, is better suited for a commercial than for an agricultural community, as ours is, and its management is, in our judgement, ill-suited to deal with the questions arising under the state of financial matters with which we are dealing.

The Receivership, as we see it, clearly should be placed in the hands of one thoroughly acquainted with our people, their needs, resources, etc. It would be unwise to place the Receivership of a Louisville bank in the hands of a man whose business experience has been almost entirely confined to an agricultural section. Just so it is unfair to force upon us an institution with its peculiar methods of doing business.

There are any number of wholesale men that make a magnificent success who, if placed, with their city experience, in a cross-roads store, would find they did not have sense sufficient to run it without loss.

The framers of the law evidently had some such thought before them when the Corporation act was passed.

### 764 Registered.

Tuesday last was regular registration day, and nearly every Republican and Democratic voter in the city had his name placed on the registration books. There were eight persons who registered as Independent or Prohibitionists. The following is the way the books stood at the close in the various wards:

	Dem.	Rep.	Ind.
First Ward	160	75	2
Second Ward	160	75	2
Third Ward	160	75	2
Fourth Ward	160	75	2
Total	480	225	6
Democratic plurality	260	200	200
Total number registered	764		

### Rode in White Coaches.

Three Danville negroes rode in white coaches Wednesday. They were Samuel Hawkins, Jordan McGoodwin, Harrison Dunn, and William Lindsey, but they will not ride any more for some time. They were in charge of Sheriff Bailey, who was taking them to Frankfort to serve terms in the penitentiary.—Danville Advocate.

The law requiring all practitioners of medicine to register in a list.

### New Dry Good's Firm.

Mrs. Mary R. Samuels and Mr. John F. King have formed a partnership to purchase and conduct the dry goods business of the late John Samuels. Mrs. Samuels is the widow of John Samuels. John F. King is one of the most popular young business men ever raised in this community. For a number years, until a few months since, he has been teller in the Exchange Bank of Kentucky, of this city. He is not only personally popular, but is a man of fine business attainments and unquestioned integrity. We know no young man who has more firm friends than John King; nor do we know one who will bring to a business a better equipped mind than he will do. Mr. Bruce Duty, Mrs. Samuels' son-in-law, another popular and exceedingly bright and promising business man, will aid Mrs. Samuels in the conduct of the business. The new firm, the style of which is Samuels & King, began business Monday. Their prospects for success are certainly as bright as even they could desire. Mr. Duty leaves to-day for the market to lay in a choice stock, but will continue to sell at reduced prices.

### Why He is so Irritable?

This question is often heard and nearly as often unanswered.

It is not always remembered, as it should be, that the occasion of ill-temper and irritability is often to be found in the physical condition of the persons affected. What is the use of trying to "harmonize" a man whose liver has gone back on him? If a man is tortured with rheumatism, how can he be expected to be affable and agreeable? Can a confirmed dyspeptic be expected to be cheerful and always ready to tell a funny story? The only way to remove the difficulty is to get at the cause. Dyspepsia, rheumatism, impure blood and liver troubles trouble Hoad's Saraparilla; this is why it is an effective tranquilizer, a peaceful messenger, and a preventive of domestic quarrels.

### After Breakfast.

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Saraparilla. Continue the medicine after every meal for a month or two and you will feel "like a new man." The merit of Hood's Saraparilla is proven by its thousands of wonderful cures. Why don't you try it?

Hood's Pill's curative constitution. They are the best after-dinner pill and family cathartic.

The current issue of the Electric magazine opens with a sharp contrast between "The Theory and Practice of American Popular Medicine." In lighted vein, and more cheering to the American, is Mr. Northcott's fair and happy view of "American Life Through English Spectacles"—albeit they are turned only to the social life of our well-to-do classes. A short paper on the Behring Sea Award summarizes that lately settled debate. "Gillieson Back: A Hundred Years Ago," and Dr. Eccles' paper on "Flie de Seide Medicine," are two articles which leave no doubt in the mind of the reader as to the marvelous material progress of this century. Andrew Lang's discussion of "Comparative Physical Research," and Sir Herbert Maxwell's charming essay on "The Conduct of Friendship," are among the longer articles of this issue. A translation from the journal of a Spanish Monk, "Bausaco in 1810," gives a realistic picture of the stirring days when that hitherto unknown monastery was earning a place in history. "The Trans-formation of Japan" is a reliable description of the marked social changes since the overthrow of the nobles in that country. "Reminiscences of a Highland Chief," by his daughter, and with "Glengarry's Death-Song" a hitherto unpublished poem, by Sir Walter Scott. There are in this number several lighter sketches, and descriptive articles, three short stories of usual merit, and a poem by the late Earl of Lytton.

Published by E. R. Polton, 144 Eighth street, New York. Terms \$5 per year; single numbers, 5 cents; trial subscription for three months, \$1.50; Electro and any \$4 Magazine, \$8.



ADAM BAUM, MAYOR OF MT. STERLING.

### Last Chance to Visit the World's Fair.

### The October Number of the Illustrated Kentuckian.

Contains portraits of Mrs. Cynthia Smith Burnam, of Richmond; Miss Halle Ermlie Elkes, Hopkinsville; Miss May Nelson Nall, Louisville; Lillie Nurris, Cynthiana, Also of the John Marshall Chapter of Daughters of American Revolution, at Louisville—Mrs. Pope, Mrs. Buckner, Mrs. MacGregor, Mrs. Eades and Mrs. Reynolds. Also of George Dunlap Potts, Mrs. Florence Griffith Miller, Rev. Roger H. Peters, W. S. Bell, Lena Phillips, Nicholasville; Jessie Williams Fraser, Cynthiana. Fashion, new advertisements, stories, sketches, World's Fair, Miss Hibbler's new story, society, etc., etc.

Round trip rate from Mt. Sterling \$10.25.

### Correspondence Camargo.

William H. Wyatt was thrown from a horse Friday and was badly hurt, but is doing well at present.

Willie Jeffries, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Jimmie, his brother, from Eastern Kentucky, are now with us for a few days.

John Watson, of Kansas, was in our little town Sunday. It has been about 18 years since he left this State.

Old Fort church seems to be well pleased with her new preacher (Bro. Ross). He preached two able sermons Sunday. Regular days second and fourth Sundays.

W. F. Horton, accompanied by several other merchants, left Monday for Cincinnati to lay in their fall stock of goods. They will be gone until the last of the week,

Mrs. W. F. Horton is visiting her father, mother and friends at Campbell, Ky. She will be gone a week or so.

John Lane bought the Oreal lot for \$300, at which place he is now living. We are glad to have him with us, for he is an excellent citizen. May he stay long.

Mr. Harvey Trimble has been improving for the last eight or ten days.

Mrs. George McCormick is not quite as well the last day or so.

A VOTRE INSU.

In the weekly reviews of trade by the Dues and Bradstreet agents for the past week, about the only encouraging reports come from the South.

There the free movement of cotton and the advance in price of the staple made business unusually active, and, too, despite the disastrous storm, which it was feared would prove a serious drawback to the movement.

Advise! Advise! Advise!

Gov. Rich, of Michigan, has honored the resolution from the Governor of Minnesota and issued a warrant for the return of Stonewall J. D. France, the insurance agent who has been under arrest in Detroit for the past week. Arthur C. Anderson, cashier of the St. Paul National bank charges that on April 11, 1862, De France, alias Cameron Elliott, appeared at the bank and presented a draft for \$55,000. This purported to be drawn by the bank of Commerce of Indianapolis, payable to the order of Cameron Elliott. It was drawn on the United States National bank of New York. The draft was accepted, redited to Cameron Elliott, and before the maker had a chance to protest Elliott had drawn \$1000 and disappeared.

J. E. GROVE.

In the weekly reviews of trade by the Dues and Bradstreet agents for the past week, about the only encouraging reports come from the South. There the free movement of cotton and the advance in price of the staple made business unusually active, and, too, despite the disastrous storm, which it was feared would prove a serious drawback to the movement.

Advise! Advise! Advise!

An unconfirmed report is published at San Francisco that a syndicate of American capitalists has purchased

Lower California from Mexico for nearly \$50,000,000, and will ask the United States to annex the Territory.

This same story in one form or another is continually bobbing up.

### YESTERDAY'S PRIMARY.

### THE DEMOCRATS OF THE CITY

### Select Their Nominees for the Municipal Offices.

Yesterday's election passed off in a quiet and orderly way. Much interest was taken, but there was no indication of disturbance. The workings of the new election law is better liked, the more it is tried. Below we give the vote by ward.

FIRST WARD.  
FOR MAYOR:

A. Baum.....100  
S. King Ford.....83

FOR CITY JUDGE:

Ben R. Turner.....125

James G. Lane.....63

FOR CITY ATTORNEY:

H. Clay McKee.....16

J. M. Elliott.....65

John B. Phillips.....65

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE:

John Gibbons.....78

Charles T. Wilson.....114

FOR COUNCILMAN:

C. H. Bryan.....98

J. Will Clay.....97

John D. McCormick.....60

James O'Connell.....64

SECOND WARD.

FOR MAYOR:

A. Baum.....85

S. King Ford.....62

FOR CITY JUDGE:

Ben R. Turner.....58

James G. Lane.....97

FOR CITY ATTORNEY:

H. Clay McKee.....41

J. M. Elliott.....47

John B. Phillips.....55

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE:

John Gibbons.....85

Charles T. Wilson.....98

FOR COUNCILMAN:

J. W. Burroughs.....24

Mattis Kelly.....20

FOURTH WARD.

FOR MAYOR:

A. Baum.....45

S. King Ford.....81

FOR CITY JUDGE:

Ben R. Turner.....16

James G. Lane.....29

Turner's majority 54.

FOR CITY ATTORNEY:

H. Clay McKee.....24

J. M. Elliott.....20

John B. Phillips.....19

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE:

John Gibbons.....28

Charles T. Wilson.....41

FOR COUNCILMAN:

Joe M. Conroy.....64

Charles G. Glover.....54

FOR HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER:

A. Baum.....368

S. King Ford.....191

Baum's majority 77.

FOR CITY JUDGE:

Ben R. Turner.....361

James G. Lane.....190

Turner's majority 54.

FOR CITY ATTORNEY:

H. Clay McKee.....178

John M. Elliott.....160

John B. Phillips.....154

McKee's plurality 56.

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE:

John Gibbons.....351

Wilson's majority 54.

COUCILMEN.

FIRST WARD:

C. H. Bryan.....28

J. Will Clay.....28

SECOND WARD:

Henry Watson.....28

John M. Isola.....28

THIRD WARD:

J. W. Burroughs.....28

W. S. Kelly.....28

FOURTH WARD:

Joe M. Conroy.....28

Charles G. Glover.....28

REESE BUILDING,  
MT. STERLING, KY.

## Enoch.

MR. KNOX II has just returned from the East with several thousand dollars worth of Goods, intended to sell at a very low figure.

Lots of Goods we will put on our counters at

25 to 40 per cent less

than one year ago. Just think of getting a

NICE DRESS AT \$1.00

and up to \$5.00

in nice goods. It will do your eye good to look at them.

We carry a nice line of

DRESS GOODS. Call and look at some of our garments in Window Blinds.

Just call in and see a good

Blouse for \$1.00; a light

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a good

hat for \$1.00; a good

coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

skirt and blouse for \$1.00; a

good coat for \$1.00; a good

gown for \$1.00; a good

## THE ADVOCATE.

ALICE OATES' LOVER  
Writes Two Famous Songs and  
Dies a Drunken Panzer.

A physician who has made the subject a study, declares that the talus of heredity is to be found in most cases of nervous diseases. Persons who are broken down by dissipation, exhausting diseases, excessive brain work, or anxiety, can no more transmit vitality to their children than a decaying vine can beget healthy fruit.—*Good Health.*

## Good Mutton Sheep.

The demand in this line is for a prime article, and any other kind butts rather than helps. Good mutton sheep are constantly growing in demand, and in a single week the Chicago market is taken care of 30,000 head and that without any glut or depression of prices. Only a few years ago such receipts would have utterly swamped the country. Butchers are on the lookout for good mutton all the time, and the frequent complaint is that they cannot get enough of it. Of course, they can get mutton of some sort, but they have learned that it injures the trade to handle any but the best, and so are more careful than they once were as to what they put on their blocks. It is this fact, that they can depend upon getting better, than formerly or none, that has stimulated the demand for mutton among meat eaters, for the best class of customers prefer to have none offered them unless the quality is up to the highest standard. Growers who take inferior mutton to the market, and butchers who handle it, both do much to hurt the future for the business, for the customers who buy it are apt to consider it as an indication of what they may expect in the future, and so they go back to beef and pork. The mutton industry is in the hands of the sheep growers, and they can make it what they will.—*Indiana Farmer.*

## Antiquity of the Elevator.

An enterprising investigator of the mechanics of our grandfathers has discovered that the lift or elevator is not a modern invention. An ingenious contrivance of a similar nature was constructed in the middle of the seventeenth century in Paris by a man named Velyer, who called his invention a flying chair. Talayer's lift was not merely a toy: it became very fashionable with rich people on account of its utility. It was simply a chair attached to a rope which was passed over a pulley—something which did duty for one—and had a weight at its other end to counterbalance the chair and the occupant. It continued in fashion until a mishap occurred to the King's daughter at Versailles. On one occasion the machinery failed to work when she was half way up, and she stuck there for three good hours before she could be rescued by her servants, who had to break away the wall to release her.

"Flying chairs" were not much used at the court afterward. Some years later M. Thorner, who dabbled in mechanics in his leisure time, made a similar chair, which he worked from the balcony outside his window. It thus escaped the danger of being shut up in a shaft, as the King's daughter was. Mr. Thorner's kept his arrangement secret and had many a laugh at the expense of his friends who came to visit him. When they left him, he would make some excuse for not going down stairs with them, but when they reached the courtyard they were amazed to find him standing there awaiting them. To their questions he would return jesting replies, and then seating himself in his chair and go up quickly that they were unable to discover how he did it. One day, instead of surprising his friend agreeably he did so disagreeably, for the machinery broke and he came greatly to grief. He used the stairs after his recovery.—*Philadelphia Telegram.*

ALICE OATES' LOVER  
Writes Two Famous Songs and  
Dies a Drunken Panzer.

There appears in last Sunday's Chicago Inter Ocean the story of a strange and dramatic episode in the life of the late Alice Oates, the prima donna of opera bouffe. The facts are pretty badly garbled in this version, and as I was an eye witness of the incident referred to, and knew more or less intimately all the parties to it, it may not be unprofitable or uninteresting to tell exactly what occurred.

In 1879, when Leadville, Col., was in its hey-day as the greatest silver town the world had ever seen, a queer character, calling himself Frank O'reardon, drifted into camp. He was ragged, dirty, penniless and generally demoralized, but he still possessed some fragments from the wreck of a fine musical talent, and when he engaged as pianist at a theater (Igloo) the whole town turned out to hear him. As usual in such cases, there were times when his powers seemed momentarily to return to him, and he played like one inspired. These flashes grew less and less frequent, and finally became only a reminiscence, but they were sufficient to firmly establish his reputation as a genius. At length he dropped entirely out of sight, disappeared in the desperate dissipation and harlotry of the camp and was promptly forgotten.

Meantime, however, his history had dropped out bit by bit and it was known that his name was not O'Reardon, but O'Reardon, and that at one time he had been a composer of international fame. A few songs of his are still known and sung, and will be long as sweetmeats and simple melody have a hold upon the public heart. They are "The Wedding Bells Are Ringing" and "My Dream of Love Is Over." In a certain sense they told the story of his life. While in New York and at the zenith of his fame he met the capricious songstress, Alice Oates. She was the divorced wife of Jim Oates, the St. Louis theatrical manager, and was at that time one of the most beautiful and fascinating women on the American stage.

O'Reardon, who was a warm-hearted, impetuous Irishman, fell head over heels in love and she, flattered no doubt by his attentions, encouraged him. In a few months their engagement was announced. It was then that he wrote "The Wedding Bells Are Ringing." Alice Oates sang it and made a tremendous hit. It was whistled and hummed from one end of the country to the other and the copyright which he presented her realized thousands of dollars.

But the fickle songbird grew tired of O'Reardon's devotions and finally sent him a message breaking the engagement. Its terms were brief and cutting and he realized the uselessness of appeal. He made no attempt to see her, but poured forth all the wretchedness and despair of his heart in his last great song, "My Dream of Love Is Over." With incredible calmness the actress added it to her repertoire and sang it to delighted audiences the whole land over. After that O'Reardon went to the dogs.

So much for préface. In the winter of 1880 there was a variety theater in Leadville, known as Colonel Wood's Comique. Among the other "turns" O'Reardon was billed for a specialty on the musical glasses. He had turned up, it seemed, a trifly less sedate than usual, and secured an engagement on probation. He was one of those musical geniuses who can extract melody from anything, and he produced a quaint, tinkling effect by tapping and moving tumblers with a steel rod. The pitch was varied by filling the glasses to different degrees with water.

When O'Reardon's engagement was on the Alice Oates Opera Company he visited Leadville, playing in the Taboo Grand. Alice Oates heard, of course, that he occupied a box and was escorted to it by a female impersonator named Mills. They encased themselves behind the curtains and presently O'Reardon strode upon the stage and began his performance upon the glasses. It is not at all likely he knew of the presence of his old flame, but by a strange coincidence he played "My Dream of Love Is Over." At the first notes Alice Oates started, turned pale and at last moved apparently by an uncontrollable impulse, she parted the curtains and looked out. At the same instant



such thoughts had occurred among the good and the wise.

The big boy had been Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever. A dog is sure to many diseases, and the doctor said:

"It says the hat is long, and it's a long way from here to a 'rheumatic consumption.' I've tried every remedy I can think of, but ONE. It gets no name. A corn between, eat as heartily as you like, rheumatism, dysentery, flux, etc. Cure the rheumatism, in any of these, and the consumption will go away. You must not be afraid to blame. Treat it fairly. Give it a chance. The doctors don't cure consumption from the 'last stages.' Try it. Read the following:

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes: All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease. Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored. If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over." Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

O'Reardon glanced that way and saw her eyes met.

The trilling melody ceased and for a moment the musician stood transfixed. What thoughts were surging through his brain no man can tell, but he made an effort to carry it off and struck one or two faltering blows upon the glasses before him. The audience saw that there was something wrong and a brute in front called out: "He's drunk!" O'Reardon cast a haggard look in his direction and, picking up one of the goblets, drank the water it contained at a gulp. Then he threw down his steel baton and walked off the stage.

The songstress left the theater in haste and returned to her hotel. As for O'Reardon, he never appeared in public again. A few nights later he was found drunk in a snowdrift and died of pneumonia in the lake county hospital.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

## Superiority of Girl Babies.

All babies are good, but girl babies are the better sort. For one thing, they are prettier than the other kind, and then they grow up with much less violence to the parental feelings. Just as a boy baby begins to be really attractive you cut his hair and put him into trousers, thereby bringing (practically) a stranger into the family, and causing a violent upheaval of ideals. But girls can be allowed to progress without much interference on the same line on which they start. None of the changes are violent. From long dresses to short, from topknots to crimp, from curly to braids, from braids to the next thing, whatever the fashion is from short dresses to longer ones, and at length to womanly skirts—all the graduates run easily into one another, and give pleasing impressions to the observer. And then besides, as has been so often pointed out, a family that has a reasonable grip upon its own, never loses its girls. Harper's Weekly.

## Picking Out Layers.

How many poultry men can pick out a good laying hen from a strange flock? Not many can do it, yet it can easily be done after a short study of make up and characteristics, says a writer in Northwest Farmer. There goes a hen with a thick neck, large head, ill-shaped, walks haltingly about seemingly with no intention or purpose in view. She does not care to scratch, but hangs around the hen house, evidently waiting for her next feed. She goes up late in the morning and goes to bed early in the evening. That hen may be put down as a very poor layer. The eggs of some of the other hens go to help her keeping. Here comes another. She walks briskly, and there lean elasticity in her movements which shows she has something in view. She is neat and tidy in appearance, small heads with a slim neck, nice arched or curved. She ages or scratches all day long, and may be too busy to come for her evening meal. She is at the door in the morning waiting to be let out. She scatters a few mouthfuls of seed and is off to the meadow looking for insects. Before she gets out in the morning she generally departs her daily egg in the nest, or returns after a short forenoon. She is neat, clean and tidy, with a brightness and pleasant to the eye. That is the hen that pays for her feed and gives a good profit all the year round. The writer has noticed these traits since boyhood, and knows that they are infallible. By studying these traits any one man may in a few years have a flock of

such hens.

Such cures have occurred among the good and the wise.

The big boy had been Dr. Fenner's

Golden Retriever. A

dog is sure to

many diseases,

and the doctor said:

"It says the hat is long, and it's a long way from here to a 'rheumatic consumption.'

I've tried every remedy I can think of, but ONE. It gets no name. A corn between, eat as heartily as you like, rheumatism, dysentery, flux, etc. Cure the rheumatism, in any of these, and the consumption will go away. You must not be afraid to blame. Treat it fairly. Give it a chance. The doctors don't cure consumption from the 'last stages.'

Try it. Read the following:

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.

Had the disease for 15 years, and only began the use of Dr. Fenner's Golden Retriever and am fully restored.

If people could only know where to get it, they would be saved from the world over."

Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Taken in drops does a cure of 10 days. A dose of 10 drops twice daily. Take it in a bottle to keep.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 80 North Washington street, Cincinnati, writes:

All my relatives have died of consumption, except the bar of the same dread disease.



HARVESTING CORN.  
by Which Both Time and Labor  
May Be Saved.

It certainly is a great deal of time  
and labor in taking the baphazard, irregular  
route that is too commonly traveled  
in cutting and getting corn in.

## CORN SHOCKER.

The shock. A well studied plan is  
best, and the one here illustrated is  
found to be satisfactory by a Minne-  
sota farmer who thus describes it in the  
newspaper:

"I have a standing bill of corn for  
center of the shock, as it is frequently  
broken, but make use of a 'shocker,'  
shown in Fig. 1. It is about 12 feet long,  
and about 6 inches in height. The  
shocker is an old bacon handle fitting  
into a hole bored through the pole,  
leaving an overhand of row  
so that it can be taken—I usually take it in.  
Take the shocker in my right hand, I pass  
the other end over the ground, then pass  
the shocker over the ground, then pass  
it over the shocker until I have passed three hills of  
row and stand at A, Fig. 2.

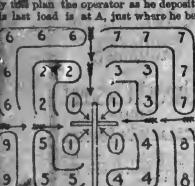
I begin work (after running the stick  
into place) by cutting the four hills at 1,  
1, 1, 1, and placing each hill is cut in  
the middle of the shocker. One can reach  
and cut on three hills without taking  
extra steps."

The nine digits are used in the cut to  
represent the 30 hills of corn that are to  
be cut in the shock. The arrows show  
where the shocks are to be cut, and the  
arrows indicate the work of each trip.

The open end of the hollows shows where  
the work begins, and the arrows show  
where the shocks of corn are to be  
cut, and the arrows indicate the work of each trip.

When the shocks are finished, except  
the hills standing in the center of the  
bunches, leaving the four quarters of the  
same size, no will be no tendency  
for the shock to lean in any direction.

By this plan the operator as he departs  
his last load is at A, just where he be-



## COLLECTING THE HILLS.

man, and at first the right place for a shock,  
removing the stick and carrying  
the shocker forward to the next place  
of work. When once drops into any  
and regular plan of movement in  
such work, there is no further thought  
required, no hesitancy of action, and a  
saving of much time is the obvious result.

The "shocker" is a simple quite a favorite  
in the northern markets, where it is  
known as grape fruit. It becomes much  
higher priced than the orange and is  
therefore confined mostly to the use of a  
fairly wealthy class of patrons, who af-  
ford it an indulgent indulgence.

This meal, however, is consumption as  
confined to this meal. In a special bul-  
letin issued from the Louisiana state ex-  
periment station the following varieties  
of the delicious fruit are noted and do-  
minated:

Aranatum pomosa is a choice seedling  
originating in Orange county from an  
orange procured from the noted Dunn  
orange grove on the Indian River. It  
is as much an orange as grape fruit—  
a good seedling, and has a valuable  
addition to the climate family.

The fruit is smaller, skin thin,  
less core; in quality sweet and fine,  
with enough of the bitter principle to  
give it the name of grape fruit.

It has improved rapidly. In gen-  
eral appearance of tree and fruit the  
same as Aranatum pomosa; in taste not  
quite so sweet. For people who like an  
acid fruit without the bitter of the com-  
mon grape fruit it is a very desirable ac-

id.

The Grape Fruit.—A decided im-  
provement of the common grape fruit.

Pernambuco.—A fine grained late sort;  
produced through effort of the depart-  
ment of agriculture; more bitter than  
the Royal or Aranatum.

Canton.—Very large; round; red flesh,

Sweet Potatoes.

Perhance no state in the south  
where the sweet potato grows so fine  
as in the state of Florida, and into which  
over the south as well as the north,  
the climate and soil seem especially  
adapted to it in Texas.

There are many who make a speciality  
of the sweet potato, since they make in  
good season on good land 200 bushels  
per acre.

They many were raised nearly twice  
amount in the acre, writes a corre-  
spondent of The Prairie Farmer.

The settings on the ones that make a  
good crop are not to be overlooked; a  
conservative estimate the coming crop  
will be fully 3,000,000 bushels, of which  
4,000,000 will be marketed. The average  
price received by growers the past few  
years was \$1.60 per box.

Buffalo clover, a native of the south-  
west, is not considered of much value by  
the Southern Cultivator.

It is reported that the Texas cotton  
crop in Louisiana has about 1,000,-

CABBAGE WORMS.  
Pyrithrum is the Remedy for These Trou-  
blesome Pests.

In that section of the country where  
cabbages worms and caterpillars are  
the most abundant pests, Pyrithrum  
is the best remedy. The former, which is about  
an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly.

The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow  
and black markings, is also called the

cabbage worm, and the latter

## THE ADVOCATE.

ADVOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TUESDAY, OCT. 10, 1893.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

OUR STATE SENATOR,  
J. H. HOLLOWAY,  
OF CLARK.FOR REPRESENTATIVE,  
W. C. TAYLOR,  
OF MCKEEFEE.FOR SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT,  
I. N. HORTON.

A Republican newspaper is soon to be started in Winchester. A company has been organized for that purpose, and one of its members is now in Chicago buying an outfit.—Winchester Sun.

Secretary Carlisle has sent to the Senate a new estimate placing the probable total cost of deportation of Chinese laborers under the Geary act at \$7,300,000, of which sum \$860,000 would be required for the current fiscal year.

The Democratic majority is so pronounced in Mt. Sterling that republican opposition at the November election for municipal officers will hardly be probable. However if any of the several republican gentlemen who are said to be anxious to make the race decide to try issues, the field is open and they can make their wishes known as soon as they please.

The Republicans of Fleming county have nominated Rev. Thos. Wood, brother of Col. A. T. Wood, of this city, for Representative against Hon. Rolla Hart. The Rev. Wood will not have the pleasure of occupying the seat. There are too many good Democrats in Fleming county to allow so good a man as Rolla Hart to suffer defeat.

Several days ago the Treasury Department mailed interest checks aggregating in value about \$5,000,000 to pay interest on the public debt, due October 1. The effect of their payment is already being felt in the reduction of the gold reserve, which stands at \$89,926,693, as compared with a reserve of \$93,582,172 on the 2d inst. The reserve has nearly reached the lowest point in its history, which occurred about the middle of last June.

Senator Blackburn Friday offered his compromise amendment to the Silver-purchase Repeal Bill. It strikes out the Voorhees amendment and authorizes the free coining of silver from United States mines, except as to seigniorage, which is to equal the difference between the market price of silver and "its minted value after coinage," and which is to be sold for gold, the receipts from this source to be used "for the purpose of maintaining a parity between the two metals."

News from Washington says the President has determined to give C. R. Brooks, of this place, the Oklahoma Attorneyship. There is a protest from the Territory about appointing a man outside of its limits to the position, but from what can be learned, the President will hardly change his mind about the matter. We had hoped and expected before this to hear of Mr. Brooks' confirmation by the Senate. The President could hardly make a more fitting appointment than that of C. R. Brooks to this or a like position.

## Why No Silver Was Purchased.

Secretary Carlisle sent to the house his reply to the resolution of that body asking why 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion was not purchased during July and August, as required by law. The reply says that, as the United States is the largest purchaser of silver in the world, the secretary of the treasury, after examination of the offers and quotations each day, should determine what, in his judgment, is a fair market price. He either has to purchase 4,500,000 ounces at the dealers' prices, no matter how unreasonable or exorbitant they may be, or he must employ such means at his command to ascertain the actual market price. The effort of the department since June 12 has been to simply to ascertain the fair market price of bullion on each day it was offered for sale, and, when ascertained, to make purchases at that price.

## ANOTHER LIE

In the Long List of Falsehoods  
That Have Been Circulated in  
the Breckinridge-Pollard  
Scandal.

The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette has the following special from Paris: "The public has been wondering what became of the baby Miss Pollard gave birth to in Cincinnati, and which she claims is her petition is the son of Colonel Breckinridge.

"The Commercial Gazette reporter has located it.

"It was adopted by Judge Van B. Young, who died a few years since while Judge of the Superior Court of Kentucky, and is now being reared by his widow. Mrs. Judge Young now resides in Bath county, and the child is an important witness when the great case comes to trial. The boy is said to be Stoddard Young, who is in his ninth year, and said to bear a striking resemblance to the present Ashland Representative. Since the guardian has been put under a ruling it's the court to produce the young man in Washington when ordered, and it's apparent that he is to play a prominent part in the proceedings before the jury, he is never allowed to be out of the sight of an attendant.

"This is the way Judge Van B. Young got control of the wif.

"In the fall of 1884 a carriage coming from the direction of Lexington, rolled along the pike as it round-harly towards Owingsville. The toll-gate keeper heard the carriage-top, but being rather slow about getting out, he found on opening the door that the carriage had turned and was driving back toward Lexington. As the keeper started back into the house he discovered a basket sitting in his porch. Mechanically picking up he carried it into his room and found it contained a chubby babe. While wondering what to do with it and why the parents of it should have left it with a poor man who could not properly care for it, Judge Young drove up and asked the gate-keeper what he was doing up so late. Why he Judge did not pass on without stopping, for the gate was up and he was allowed fresh oil, is a mystery.

"He was told about the boy by being told that he was adopted. "What was best to be done about it?" "Why, give it to me," said the Judge, "I have no children, and can afford to educate it." Glad to be so soon relieved of his charge, the gate-keeper gladly handed the basket to the Judge. The Judge walked at himself in a mirror hanging on his left as he passed out and took his departure. The Judge was not a night rider ordinarily, was not campaigning at that time, and came from the direction of Lexington, a short distance behind the track. Was the Judge given a tip?

"Mrs. Judge Young was a granddaughter of Governor Robinson and a sister of George Bell, the prominent merchant of this city, and Ben Bell, the leading druggist of Lexington. It can not now be stated what Mrs. Young knows about the history of the child before it was left at the lonely toll-gate, but Judge Young often remarked to his brothers-in-law that Stoddard has some of the best blood in the State in his veins, and his father is a congressman." When asked if he knew for a fact the name of the boy's parents, he would reply: "It is not enough to know that he comes of an illustrious family?"

"Another incident in connection with the affair is, Miss Pollard was visiting in Bourbon, and Bath county line, at the time the papers were telling of the desertion of the wif, and the providential 'passing' of Judge Young, who gave it a home. It is now recalled what intense interest Miss Pollard took in the fate of the wif, and would often express a desire to go and see it. There is no doubt but that Stoddard Young is the son of Miss Pollard—as to it being Breckinridge's, it is quite another matter, Judge Young and Colonel Breckinridge were good friends."

The Commercial Gazette's correspondent has either a vivid imagination or he has given some one full liberty to impose upon him. There is little truth in his story. Whilst Judge and Mrs. Young never positively knew who the father and mother of the baby they adopted were, they did know that the child was born at old man Shieby Carpenter's in Bath county, on the 18th day of January, 1884, and that the father and mother in no way resembled either Col. Breckinridge or Mrs. Pollard. They had a full description of the couple from old man

## Nervous Prostration



Mrs. Emma Huss

\* \* \* \* \*  
of Suffering Ended  
"I lay down in bed every night  
and am unable to get out of bed  
again. I read of Hood's Sarapprilia  
and sent for a bottle of the medicine. After using it  
three days my nerves became quieted and I  
feel well again."

Hood's Sarapprilia  
Hood's Pills are healthy, yet prompt and  
efficacious, on the liver and bowels. Etc.

Carpenter. Judge Young did not drive up to the toll gate and get the child where it was left on the 14th of March, 1884; but Mrs. Young herself went out from Owingsville (when the weather was bad) having heard of the desertion of the babe, and took home. This was on March 15, 1884. The guardian of the child has not been put under a ruling to produce younger in Washington. Mrs. Young lives in Mt. Sterling, not in Bath county. In short, there is scarcely a particle of truth in the story. Mrs. Young authorizes us to deny the story, and for her make the statement beyond the fact that a child was left at the toll gate and at once adopted by Judge Young and herself, is has no foundation in fact.

## Honored.

Governor Brown appointed last Friday forty delegates to the International or World's Real Estate Congress to commence in Chicago Oct. 23. The certificates showing them to be delegates and constituting members of the association will be issued to them by the Secretary of the World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Fair as soon as they can reach Chicago. T. J. Bigstaff, of this city, is one of the number appointed. This is a deserved compliment to a most competent and worthy representative of the young Democracy of our country.

A fearful storm swept over the Gulf coast from Louisiana to Florida, on Sunday and Monday of last week. Each report from the stricken district has added to the horror. The loss of life, so far as known, reaches over 2,000 souls. Between 600 and 700 vessels are reported wrecked, and the property loss to houses, crops, railroads, etc., is estimated at about \$5,000,000.

The Democratic Committee of Bath county has declared Alex. Conner the nominee of the Democracy of Bath County Attorney, to be voted for at the next November election. All Democrats should give Mr. Conner their support—Bath County Word.

And no man is a good Democrat who fails to vote for Mr. Conner.

At the Senatorial convention at Jackson to select a Democratic nominee, there was anything but harmony. The convention split and each held their meeting. One declared Hou. John P. Salyer its nominee, and the other Mr. Hogg. The matter has been referred to the Central Committee for adjustment.

Many petitions from brewers have been sent to the House Ways and Means Committee asking a reduction of the tariff on hops from 15 to 5 cents a pound. A number of the Kentucky Congressmen are for the reduction, and Chairman Wilson, of the Ways and Means Committee, is also said to favorably inclined.

The New York Chamber of Commerce Thursday adopted resolutions condemning the Senate for delaying the repeal of the Sherman law and thanking the House and President Cleveland for their prompt action in the matter.

Hon. S. A. Robinson, who was Chief of the United States Secret Service Department during the war, died at Denison, Texas, Thursday.

The Rev. Dr. William Lawreuce was Thursday consecrated Episcopal Bishop of Massachusetts to succeed the late Bishop Phillips Brooks.

James H. Randal, of Georgia, author of "Maryland, My Maryland," has been appointed to a position under the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

## 1893! RACES! 1893!

Kentucky Association.  
FALL MEETING  
LEXINGTON, KY.

COMMENCING  
MONDAY, OCT. 16. 9  
Continuing Nine Days! 9

Great Sport! Large Fields  
Great Sport! of Horses!  
J. H. MILLER, E. F. CLAY.

SECRETARY. PRESIDENT.

## LEXINGTON'S

Great Trots!

(Ky. T. H. R. & Co., Incorporated)

LEXINGTON,

October 7 to 14, inclusive.  
7-DAYS! 7

\$50,000. \$50,000.

The \$5,000 Futurity Stake.

Saturday, Oct. 7.  
\$12,500 Stallion Represen'tee Stake.

Monday, Oct. 9.

The \$5,000 Transylvania Stake.

Tuesday, Oct. 10.

The Great Free-For-All.

Wednesday, Oct. 11.

HALF RATES  
On All Railroads.

Ladies Free First Day.

FOR FULL PROGRAMME,  
Write

ED. A. TIPTON,  
Secretary.

NEW  
GOODS!FRESH  
GOODS!

DRESS GOODS—everything in this line new and fashionable. Trimmings the newest and latest.

Flannels, Blankets, Underwear, and like; Quilts, Lace, Curtains, Hosiery—in fact everything that one could think of in the Dry Goods line.

Men's Suitings always on hand.

Notions, stock new and complete. Carpet department full.

Visit our full house, ask for what you want, and it will be shown you. Best prices to cash buyers.

## Grubbs &amp; Hazelrigg,

Mt. Sterling.

The claim of the city of Louisville and Logan and Simpson counties against the United States Government for rebate of internal revenue taxes collected on their bonds from the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company has at last been adjusted and a warrant for the amount due the city of Louisville and the above named counties will be forwarded to the proper authorities at once. The bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund these taxes was introduced in the last Congress by Representative Caruth. It became a law on the 23d of last February. Hon. Albert Willis was the attorney for the city and counties. Louisville will receive \$31,359.02; Logan county, \$15,397.70, and Simpson county, \$1,299.02, and Willis will get a good fat fee.

A. T. WOOD, HENRY S. WOOD,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
Room No. 5 & 6, Tyler-Appler Block

Mayfield Street,

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Will practice in Montgomery, Powell, Breathitt and Lee Counties and Superior Courts of Appeals and the United States Circuit and District Courts of Kentucky.

WORLD'S FAIR  
EXCURSION

VIA  
Queen & Crescent

ROUTE

AND Louisville Southern.

From stations North of Cincinnati and West of Lawrenceburg, inclusive SEPTEMBER 21st, 1893, going to

Cincinnati and Penn. Lines.

[Lower Rates of the Season.]

Call on Agents for full particulars.

## MEDICAL EDUCATION

Cincinnatian College of Medicine and Surgery, 43rd place, Graded Course,

Laboratories, Clinics, Hospitals, Reasonable Terms. Begins Sept. 26.

Address, Chas. A. L. Reed, M.D., Dean,

T. V. Fitzpatrick, M.D., Secy.

A. T. WOOD, ATTORNEY.

ST. LOUIS QUALITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

MADE EVERYWHERE. PREPARED BY RICHARDSON HERBS CO., ST. LOUIS.

BEST IN QUANTITY.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERNIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS.

Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

TRIMBLE BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS.

**RIMBLE BROS.,**

Wholesale \* Grocers \*

MT. STERLING, KY.

Elder B. W. Trimble will preach at the Christian church next Sunday evening.

Mt. Sterling registered 764 votes; 512; Richmond 836; and Winchester 1028.

Miss George C. Barnes, daughter of Dr. George O. Barnes, was married last Thursday to Mr. Edward N. Duncan, of Lexington.

Mrs. Mattie Embry, wife of Mr. Marion Embry, of Louisville, died last Saturday. Her remains were taken to Richmond for burial.

Mr. Lewis Straus, Chairman of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Lexington, has tendered his resignation on account of mismanagement of the city's affairs.

Mr. John Clement, of Clement &amp; Clement, Danville, Va., shipped a car load of cows and heifers from this station yesterday, for which he paid from 2 to 2½ cents.

MR. STERLING ADVOCATE: Please make notice in your first issue that I desire to make the race for City Judge, or any other office.

Oct. 3, 1893. B. F. DODGE.

Z. T. Young, Jr., and Miss Lizzie Greenwood, both of this city, were married at the Grand Hotel, Cincinnati, last Tuesday. Mr. Young is a young practitioner at law, and is located at Morehead.

At North Middlestown Christian Church, last Wednesday, Mr. Lewis Hagan, of Winchester, and Miss Lida Reynolds, of North Middlestown, and Mr. Will Hagan, of Winchester, and Miss Etta Bean, of North Middlestown, were married.

Miss A. Kato Strode, daughter of W. D. Strode, a prominent Clark county farmer, will be married on Wednesday evening, the 25th inst., at 7:30 o'clock, in the Winchester Baptist church, to Mr. Vernon L. Clark, of Frankfort, and will be at their home in Frankfort after November 1.

On last Friday, at Morehead, M. F. Touch had his examining trial before County Judge, for the murder of George Johnson on Monday, the 2nd inst., and was refused bail. He was represented by Maj. A. T. Wood and Z. T. Young, of this city. The commonwealth was represented by James Clark and William Young of Morehead, and Judge B. F. Day of this city.

A jolly good lot of boys were hunting and fishing at Oil Springs last week and they had a fine lot of Kentucky fox hunts. During the first long race three of the best dogs were lost, and when the hunt was all round up again, the dogs were all O. K. and another right place; but two of the boys were still lost; they come in about Saturday all torn up showing they had been in a hard race.

"Our run Boys."

John T. Dorris, the popular drummer, met with an accident near Pigg's Store, in Clark county, Tuesday, that will confine him to his bed for several days. Mr. Dorris left West Bend, Powell county, when it was raining hard, and when near Pigg's Store some part of the harness broke; this caused the horse, and the buggy was overturned. Dorris was dragged some distance and badly scratched up, but luckily no bones were broken. He was brought to this city Wednesday morning and is now at the residence of J. A. Ores, on Harrison avenue.

John Steagall, aged 17, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Steagall, of Shelby county, died at the home of his parents, on Tuesday, of an acute attack of Bright's disease. The deceased was well known here, where he had lived all within a year. He was a grandson of Mr. Johnson A. Young, of this county, and was a bright and popular boy. He had developed a rather unusual aptitude for business and this threw him with older persons than himself. His genial disposition won many friends among the business men with whom he came in contact.

His former pastor, Elder H. D. Clark, of the Christian Church, of this city, was called to preach his funeral on Tuesday.

Charles D. Grubbs and wife, Misses Kate and Virginia Grubbs, Mary Apperson and Neilia Winn returned from the World's Fair on Friday.

Mrs. William Knox and daughter, Miss Fannie, of Carlisle, who have been visiting Capt. T. J. Henry, at West Liberty, spent a few days at J. T. Hazeirrigg's last week, on their way home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Runyon, Miss Bette Price, Miss Bertie Price, Mr. James Price, of Fleming county, and Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Price, of Ewing, Ky., attended the funeral of Mrs. Mary R. Carter.

Rev. A. J. Arrick and wife are in Mayfield this week. Mr. Arrick is attending the Ebenezer Presbyterian, which met there Monday, and the Synod of the Presbytery of the Church of Kentucky, U. S. A., which meets today. Mrs. Arrick is a delegate to the Ladies' Synodical meeting, of the Home

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Sallie Latham visited friends here last week.

Miss America Tucker has gone to the World's Fair.

Albert Bourne has returned from a visit to Nicholas county.

J. L. Haunline, wife and children have moved to Cincinnati.

Mrs. Nettie Vanpelt is visiting Mrs. J. T. Young, in Sharpsburg.

Clay Cooper was at home from Lexington Saturday and Sunday.

John G. Winn and wife have returned from the World's Fair.

Robert Colyer, of Milersburg, visited friends in the city Sunday.

Mrs. Julia Stone and Clay Thomas have gone to the World's Fair.

Miss Frankie Chestnut spent Sunday and Monday in Lexington.

Samuel Gallagher, of Sharpsburg, was in the city Saturday on business.

M. S. Tyler was in Owingsville Monday attending Bath Circuit court.

Mr. John J. Dickey, editor of the Jackson Hustler, was in the city last week.

Miss Naomie Mary Kennedy, of Paris, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Davison.

Mrs. Milton Hager and children, of Salterville, are visiting at Mr. G. F. Greene's.

Miss Willie K. Leah will visit friends in Lexington and Georgetown this week.

Mrs. W. W. McClelland and daughter, Miss Mattie, leave for the World's Fair to-day.

Mrs. Virginia Gennachini is visiting her sister, Mrs. Joyce Thompson, in Clark county.

Steve Adamson, who has been pricing tobacco here, has returned to his home in Frankfort.

Rev. H. H. Streed, of Middleborough, was in the city last week visiting many friends.

Col. J. Hurt, Z. T. Young and Allie Young attended the Bath Circuit Court the past week.

Miss Annie McKinnon, of Owingsville, who has been visiting Miss Nancy Burbridge, has returned home.

Mrs. Cushman, of Flemingsburg, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. I. F. Tabb, has returned home.

Mr. Edgar Bourne, cashier of the Taylorville Bank, is in the city and county visiting friends and relatives.

Misses Crit Lane and Mary Gatewood, R. M. Trimble, wife and son, have returned from the World's Fair.

H. W. Trimble and wife and Miss Mary Cassidy are at home from a trip to Chicago and the Columbian Exposition.

Mr. Alex. McClinton, of Fayette county, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. Haydon, has returned home.

L. M. Tipton and wife, Mrs. Sallie Thompson, Misses Lena and Mamie Tipton and Esther Wilson, are at the World's Fair.

S. C. Stofer, who has been very sick at Mrs. Sheldene Cunningham's in Clark county, is, we are glad to say, very much improved.

Charles D. Grubbs and wife, Misses Kate and Virginia Grubbs, Mary Apperson and Neilia Winn returned from the World's Fair on Friday.

Mrs. William Knox and daughter, Miss Fannie, of Carlisle, who have been visiting Capt. T. J. Henry, at West Liberty, spent a few days at J. T. Hazeirrigg's last week, on their way home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Runyon, Miss Bette Price, Miss Bertie Price, Mr. James Price, of Fleming county, and Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Price, of Ewing, Ky., attended the funeral of Mrs. Mary R. Carter.

Rev. A. J. Arrick and wife are in Mayfield this week. Mr. Arrick is attending the Ebenezer Presbyterian,

which met there Monday, and the Synod of the Presbytery of the Church of Kentucky, U. S. A., which meets today. Mrs. Arrick is a delegate to the Ladies' Synodical meeting, of the Home

## Kennedy Bros.,

The - Prescription - Druggists.

DEALERS IN -

Pure Drugs, Medicines, &amp;c.

School Books, School Supplies, Pure Inks, pencils, &amp;c. All Toilet Articles. Also Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

INSURE YOUR



TOBACCO



With A. HOFFMAN. Best Companies and low Rates

## Big Fire at Lexington.

Losses by smoke and water on over \$80,000 worth of hats, Furnishings, Clothing and fine place goods, by the J. N. Wilson Company, Lexington, Ky., has been adjusted and everything will be ready in a few days for the greatest fire sale ever known.

Such fires are much to be deplored, as they not only work to the injury of the parties directly concerned, but to the detriment of every other house in the same line of business, as it throws upon the market goods at about half cost, thus paralyzing legitimate trade and rapidly losing money for everyone except the general public, who, even though goods are only slightly damaged, find that a fire is justification for paying only about one-fourth the original price.

11-2t

## For Sale.

A second-hand Remington typewriter, No. 1, in excellent order. Apply at ADVOCATE office. 8-4t

Owing to the importunities of our customers, we have again brought in a stock of Cottolene. It is much better and certainly much cheaper than ever.

Read our advertisement.

CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

The best leaf lard is at Adam Baum &amp; Son's.

10-3t

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS  
settles Dyspepsia, Indigestion & Debility.

James W. B. Scobee, aged 63, one of Montgomery's best citizens, died on Wednesday, October 4, 1893, at his home two miles West of Mt. Sterling. Mr. Scobee was an extensive farmer, a man of integrity, uprightness and honor, a good neighbor and true friend. He was married in 1858 to Elizabeth McIntyre, and eleven children blessed their union—three boys and eight girls. For all the large family they had, their home was never too crowded to afford shelter and loving care to more than one little waif that stood in need of such a home as theirs. The Master took the little ones in his arms and blessed them and said, "such is the Kingdom of Heaven." It is likely he will let those dear, their loss, their love, who schooled His words, "Suffer little ones to come?"

Four children are married; two sons, William N. of this county and R. L. of Colorado, and two daughters, Mrs. Ida Thompson, of Clark, and Mrs. Jane Benton, of Arkansas. The others with the devoted wife, live at home.

His remains were buried in the cemetery at Winchester on Friday.

Two yearling rams and a Poland Chinc boar.

W. H. PIETRITT.

Go to Howe &amp; Johnson for pure family liquors; 50c, 75c, and \$1 per quart.

10-3t

For the best assortment of molasses and syrups go to

10-3t ADAM BAUM &amp; SON.

Howe &amp; Johnson handle such pure family liquors that people will have them at any cost. If they lack the money to buy them will break in and steal them. It has rained, but Howe &amp; Johnson still have plenty of full strength to supply all for family and medicinal purposes.

10-3t

For nice sugar-cured hams, go to

10-3t ADAM BAUM &amp; SON'S

We sell more goods for \$1 cash than between house in town. Try us once.

10-3t HOWE &amp; JOHNSON.

We sell more goods for \$1 cash than between house in town. Try us once.

10-3t HOWE &amp; JOHNSON.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES,

Or you are in pain in any part of the body, nothing can relieve you so quickly as BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite.

10-3t

REED.  
FOR CASH!

A Big Cut in Prices

For The

Next 30 Days  
In Glassware.

## Queensware.

Plates 25c per set and upward.

Cups and Saucers 30c and upward.

Pitchers 15c up.

Vegetable Dishes 15c up.

Bowls and Pitchers, full size, 75c.

Mason Quart Jars 5c.

## Tinware.

Wash Pan 5c. Pt Cups

3c. Qt Cups 6½c. Gal-

lon Cup 8c. Dish

Pans 2c. 2-Qt Coffee

Pots 15c. Hunters

Sisters 2c. Wood

Rim Sisters 10c. 4-Qt

Covered Buckets 15c.

Heating Stoves \$2.00 up.

Cook Stoves \$4.50 up.

## W. W.

## REED.

Hardware and Queensware

MT. STERLING, - - - KY.

## DON'T

Find fault with the cook if the pastry does not exactly suit you. Nor with your wife either—perhaps she is not to

## BLAME

It may be the lard she is using for shortening. Lard is indigestible you know. But if you would always have

## YOUR

Cakes, pies, rolls, and bread palatable and perfectly digestible, order the new shortening, "COTTOLENE," for your

## WIFE

Sold by all grocers.

Chiles, Thompson Grocery Co.  
Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.

## THE ADVOCATE.

The World's Fair claims to have the biggest hog in the world. It is 8 feet long and 3 feet wide.

The first cream coming from a cow is composed of the largest globules of butter fat, and for that reason butter made from it is of firmer grain.

A Vermont county fair last week drew 15,000. A first-class country fair anywhere will draw people, and we should have more such expositions.

In Illinois sheep have been found to be infected in the lungs with small white worms. The sheep have good appetites but grow poor. Turnipseed given in liberal doses has proved beneficial.

Hundreds of newspapers are quoting this sentence from the New York Evening Post: "The last man in the country to whom the President of the United States should give a great office is the man who has given most money towards electing him."

Some of the older authorities give the opal as an emblem of hope. But a writer on the subject, Rabbi Breuer, who lived in the fourteenth century, says of it: "The opal is fatal to love, and sows discord between the giver and receiver. Given as an engagement token it is sure to bring ill-luck." A late writer on the vagaries of fashion says: "An opal figure in Sir Walter Scott's novel of 'Anne of Geierstein,' and its possession was fatal to the family of the heroine. The idea that they were unlucky obtained such currency that after the publication of the novel they went out of fashion." The same writer says: "When Miss Grant married Mr. Sartoris she had among her presents a set of opals. Much was said about the illomen, and if report is to be believed her marriage has been a wretched one. It is even asserted that they are especially unlucky when given to a bride."

## MIXED ELECTIONS.

**There Will Be None After the New Law Gets Into Working Order.**

There seems some misunderstanding in some quarters about the time of holding the next election of county officers. All understood the purpose of the Constitutional Convention and Legislature to be an arrangement that would preclude the mixing up of elections of county officers with those for Congress, and the reasons therefore were obvious. But inquires one, why are so many officers to be elected next November, at a very early date? Congressmen are to be elected all over the state, and some red-hot contestants should not be mixed up with these minor races in prospect?

This is easily explained. It was made necessary just once because of the difficulty incident to putting into effect a completely new arrangement.

The following section from the new election law describes just what will be done, and then it is easily seen what will follow:

"An election shall be held in each county on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, to Judge of the County Court, County Court Clerk, County Attorney, Sheriff, County Superintendent of common Schools, members of the Fiscal Court, Jailer, Coroner, Surveyor and Assessor, and in each Justice's District, for one Justice of the Peace and one Constable who shall hold their respective offices for the period of three years, and until the election and qualification of their successors; and in eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and every four years thereafter, there shall be held an election in each county for the officer herein mentioned. The first election for Sheriff shall be held in each county at the regular election in one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and the Sheriff elected at that time shall hold their respective offices for the period of two years, and until the election and qualification of their successors."

A little study will show that after this election there will never again be any conflict. The next election of county officers will occur in 1897, the next congressional election in 1898, the next election of State officers and that following it in 1899 and 1900, respectively. So here neither an election of county officers nor State officers can occur in a same year with a congressional election; and these two cannot occur in the same time—Louisville Times.

## COST OF ELECTRICAL COOKING.

**Southern Estimate of the Expense of Preparing a Meal at Home.**

As to the cost of electric cooking, a former editor of the Southern Legal and Electrical Review is positive. The writer of this letter refers to the fact that there are a large number of cooking operations where the heat has to be applied for short periods of time and only at such points where it is actually required. It is to such operations that the electrician especially applies his knowledge and experience and ready way it will furnish heat. Cooking operations, such as baking, would seem to be unadapted for electric heating owing to length of time required, must be continued, but attention is called to the fact that the oven may be heated to the required temperature for a full current only for the time necessary to bring the oven up to the proper temperature, and that only one-fourth of the original current is necessary to maintain the heat and carry on the cooking.

The writer of the letter referred to has conducted a number of experiments in this direction, and the following results are taken for our estimate, which is based upon the cost of electric power in southern stations. Electric power for heating and cooking, we think, could be obtained at motor power rates, especially as cooking is generally performed during the day when the current is not needed for lights.

The average cost per hour of gas is 10 cents.

The electric toaster will toast two large slices of bread thoroughly in one minute. The toaster will consume 14 amperes at 50 volts. Allow 15 minutes, one could readily toast a loaf of bread at a cost for electric power of 11¢ cents.

The electric roaster will cook chops in 12 minutes, using 12 amperes at 50 volts, and if one allowed 15 minutes in all (three minutes for heating griller) our heat for this operation will cost us a fraction over 1 cent.

A pint of water can be boiled for about six-tenths of a cent, and so on. From these figures it can be seen that a good breakfast, with bacon, eggs, toast and coffee for four, could be cooked at a cost for heat of about 6 cents.

The ease and certainty with which the heat can be raised or a fixed temperature maintained make electrical heating the par excellence method of cooking. The question in regard to or taking the heat has been maintained so regularly all around the electric oven and so uniformly that it is not necessary to baste the meat or to turn the bread while cooking. If we consider with this the advantage of the freedom from smoke, smell, dirt and wash heat, and the economy in fuel, with the heat so easily obtained, we can certainly say that electrical heating, all things considered, is cheap and desirable. Dixie.

The New England society for the prevention of cruelty to animals is persistent in their efforts to put a stop to the deboning of cattle.

There can be no health for either mind or body so long as the blood is vitiated. Cleanse the vital current from all impurities by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine recruits the wasted energies, strengthens the nerves, and restores health to the debilitated system.

## Buckner's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. S. Lloyd.



HOISTING MACHINE.

old wheel and a discarded iron axle and a man can easily make one with the help of the village blacksmith. The coarse iron bar can be taken off the hub and the wheel slipped on to the square part of the axle and firmly fastened with wedges. To make the wheel turn the iron axle, which may be bolted on to the wheel and after wards rounded off. A ratchet may be fastened to the sh. It is to be applied or released by pulling a string, so that the load can be held at any desired point.

## NOTES IN PASSING.

The Times-Democrat says the drought has seriously damaged the growing rice crop of Louisiana.

The seeds of rice closer may be sown in the moist cornfield if these are not already occupied with field peas. Sow broadcast and harrow as if cultivating the corn.

The usual estimate in cotton is two pounds of seed to one of lint.

The harvesting of tobacco ought to begin when the leaves have a spotted color, or when by pulling hard a stem breaks.

Peanuts occupy about the same acreage as last year. The outlook for the coming crop, according to a Norfolk firm, is "only fair."

## PEA VINE HAY.

**Properly Cared, It Is Both Corn and Food.**

Move the vines when they are blooming freely and a few pods have formed, but before any have ripened. Don't cut early in the morning, but wait until the dew has disappeared. Use a sharp scythe and let the vines lie on the ground until thoroughly wilted. Late in the afternoon gather them into small coils 5 feet high. Next morning open and spread them out to dry in the sun with the vines pointing to the center of the stack from bottom to top. Cut the vines in the few armfuls of long grass, cut straw or anything that will turn the earth. Then smooth down the outer surface as may be needed to prevent rain from penetrating.

It may be necessary to do this several times, or longer if necessary, without serious injury.

But as soon as it is judged that the hay is sufficiently cured it should be hauled to the barn or put in a permanent stack. Do not lay it in the sun or over coals in the morning or on a cloudy day.

The foregoing directions are in accordance with a plan approved by a committee of the Southern Cotton Association, which describes the practice of leaving the vines on the ground for manure as waste-  
land when forage is scarce. Here are this year's views on the subject:

If cut at the proper time and cured properly, it is better to leave the vines on the ground than to haul them to market in wooden fenders to work stock. Even after the vines have commenced to ripen it is cheaper and better to move the vines and all—than to pick or shear them off. The vines are worth \$15 per ton, and a ton of pea vine hay (a very moderate yield for a acre) is worth for feeding to animals not less than \$15, and the manure resulting from feeding the hay will be worth at least \$10 per ton.

It is plain, therefore, that by converting the pea vines into hay, feeding it to stock and returning the manure to the land, there is an advantage of \$15 per acre less than in hauling and hauling the vines to market in wooden fenders.

Factories using the old apparatus in 1892-9 obtained a average of 61 gallons per acre of 1000 pounds of sugar, or an aggregate of 5,384,409 gallons.

Those using the new apparatus obtained an average of 60 pounds of sugar, or an aggregate of 11,641,888 gallons.

The total production of molasses for 1892-3 was 17,003,997 gallons.

In 1892-3 factories using the old process averaged 111,000 pounds per acre, or 160 pounds per ton of cane.

The average yield of cane per acre in 1892-3 was 15,000 pounds, or the total acreage of cane grown in 1892-3 was about 355,195 acres, or 5,504,409 tons.

There were 518 sugar houses in operation, a decrease of 54 since 1891-2.

This year there is an advantage of 160 pounds per ton of cane. The old fashioned apparatus has not been injured by fitting its removal does not materially injure the corn, and the fodder itself, properly cured, is one of the most nutritious and appetizing food for stock, and they profitably fed to stock, and they profitably fed to stock, and they profitably fed to stock, and when not needed may be sold at a good price.

But we would advise always saving the fodder which can be properly preserved, as we have advised, a large crop of hay and when dried well, rest from the crop cultivation and begin the cotton picking season. By managing in this way each farmer can at a small cost supply himself with an abundance of roughage, and when not needed may be sold at a good price.

But we would advise always saving the fodder which can be properly preserved, as we have advised, a large crop of hay and when dried well, rest from the crop cultivation and begin the cotton picking season. By managing in this way each farmer can at a small cost supply himself with an abundance of roughage, and when not needed may be sold at a good price.

At the Mississippi experiment station, where the first lot of vines were planted in March, 1892, growth was rapid, and the vines grew and bore even on rather wet, low ground. Common vine diseases occur, but are not especially destructive.

Varieties well adapted for growing in the South are the following: New Orleans, New Orleans, New Orleans, and Concord.

For cultivation further north we recommend Moore's Early, Delaware, Brilliant, Niagara, Eaton, Triumph, Brilliant and Herkimer. The European varieties of vines which promise success. They start too early and are subject to mildew.

There were 235,190 acres, or 8,040,408 tons of cane grown last season. The average yield of cane per acre was 19 tons, or 160 pounds per ton. The foregoing extracts are from Bonchon's report for 1892-3.

There were 518 sugar houses in operation, a decrease of 54 since 1891-2. This year there is an advantage of 160 pounds per ton of cane. The old fashioned apparatus has not been injured by fitting its removal does not materially injure the corn, and the fodder itself, properly cured, is one of the most nutritious and appetizing food for stock, and they profitably fed to stock, and when not needed may be sold at a good price.

But we would advise always saving the fodder which can be properly preserved, as we have advised, a large crop of hay and when dried well, rest from the crop cultivation and begin the cotton picking season. By managing in this way each farmer can at a small cost supply himself with an abundance of roughage, and when not needed may be sold at a good price.

But we would advise always saving the fodder which can be properly preserved, as we have advised, a large crop of hay and when dried well, rest from the crop cultivation and begin the cotton picking season. By managing in this way each farmer can at a small cost supply himself with an abundance of roughage, and when not needed may be sold at a good price.

At the Mississippi experiment station, where the first lot of vines were planted in March, 1892, growth was rapid, and the vines grew and bore even on rather wet, low ground. Common vine diseases occur, but are not especially destructive.

Varieties well adapted for growing in the South are the following: New Orleans, New Orleans, New Orleans, and Concord.

For cultivation further north we recommend Moore's Early, Delaware,

Brilliant, Niagara, Eaton, Triumph, Brilliant and Herkimer. The European varieties of vines which promise success. They start too early and are subject to mildew.

The much dreaded black rot is not known, or at least is not so common as to be treated as a blight, yet, we have a serious enemy. It does not yield to treatment with fungicides, but may be partially controlled by methods of training and culture. It continues to develop on the fruits after it is picked. It is aggravated by the wet weather which occurs in July, when the grapes are picked.

The greatest cut price sale ever known in the history of Lexington.

In Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies' Spring Wraps, Men's Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Girls' Furnishing Goods, Men's Boys', Ladies', and Children's Shoes.

A beautiful line of white India Linens, Damask, Flannel, and Unbleached Cotton as a yard. Cotton and Unbleached Cotton as a yard.

Brocade, Ginghams, worth \$1-50, at 5 cents a yard.

Cotton and Wool Serge in all colors, worth \$2-50 a yard.

And black Wool Serge, worth \$2-50 a yard.

Silk Goods, worth \$1-50, at a yard.

Flannel, Thread, Cloth, etc., at a yard.

Flannel, and Flowered Swiss, worth \$2-50 a yard, at a yard.

Flannel in all colors, worth \$1-50, at a yard.

Albertine Satins, in all colors, \$1-50 a yard.

Albertine Satins, in all colors, \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 900 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 1200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 1500 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 1800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 2000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 2200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 2400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 2600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 2800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 3000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 3200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 3400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 3600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 3800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 4000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 4200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 4400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 4600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 4800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 5000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 5200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 5400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 5600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 5800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 6000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 6200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 6400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 6600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 6800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 7000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 7200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 7400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 7600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 7800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 8000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 8200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 8400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 8600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 8800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 9000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 9200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 9400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 9600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 9800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 10000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 10200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 10400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 10600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 10800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 11000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 11200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 11400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 11600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 11800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 12000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 12200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 12400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 12600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 12800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 13000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 13200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 13400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 13600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 13800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 14000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 14200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 14400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 14600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 14800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 15000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 15200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 15400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 15600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 15800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 16000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 16200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 16400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 16600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 16800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 17000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 17200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 17400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 17600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 17800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 18000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 18200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 18400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 18600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 18800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 19000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 19200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 19400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 19600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 19800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 20000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 20200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 20400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 20600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 20800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 21000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 21200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 21400 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 21600 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 21800 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 22000 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

A silk for 22200 a pattern, worth \$1-50 a yard.

## THE ADVOCATE.

## COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Announcements for county offices, to accompany this order. Communications in the interest of candidates, 10 cents per line.

## SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce Richd. H. Hunt as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wm. Sled as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. C. Gillaspie a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. C. Gillaspie a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce Joe C. Turley as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Joseph M. Smith as candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. M. Leach as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. M. Best as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. W. Chenuai as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce James W. Lockridge as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Sam Greenwade as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce A. D. Hazeldridge as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. Coleman Reid as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce Charles H. Jones as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John W. Cockrell as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Edward J. Gallagher as a candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce G. Allen McCormick as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce Lucas B. Greene as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce George A. Whitney as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. B. O'Connell as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

## COUNTY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce A. B. White as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Henry M. Woodford as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wallace A. De Haven as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Herbert Kinseaving as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county. He submits his claims to the action of the Democratic party.

Says The New York Morning Advertiser: "The outlook for the southern cotton factories is not good, as the negroes are the only people in that section who will work, and outside operatives cannot be induced to go to a section in which labor is not respected and the common rights of a man are ignored. When free trade is made possible perhaps some way will be found of utilizing the cheap negro labor of the South. One great southern gentleman has testified that negroes cannot be utilized in factories because the hum and drudgery causes them to fall asleep. There is a scientific side to the question, it seems." And yet the owners of the cotton mills in New England recently admitted that the southern mills are making more money than they make. It is very evident that somebody is at work down this way. The south's progress since the war is the result of hard work.—Atlanta Constitution.

## THE MAN AT THE THROTTLE.

## Modern Railroad Speed Wears Out Human Life.

The exhibitions that modern railroad speed make on the physical stamina of railroad men is demonstrated in the fact that seven engineers are required to take the Chicago flies out and seven back. The running time between New York and Chicago is twenty hours and the average speed is forty-eight miles an hour. Each engineer and engine runs three hours. Machine and man return with a slow train 'till their starting point to relieve the strain on both. Then the engineer is given forty-four hours rest before he goes on the flies again. This rest is absolute, no work of any kind being required of the engineer.

Though the average speed is forty-eight miles an hour, the locomotive must at some point be driven at sixty miles or more. The physical strain on the men in the cab at these bursts of speed is something terrible. The engineer has fifty things to look out for, and is being shaken and swayed all the time. The fireman's constantly feeding the inelastic furnace. On the run of the Empire State express three tons of coal are shoveled from the tender into the furnace between Albany and New York. It is not wonderful that the engineers of this train are given alternate days for rest and recuperation. Fast travel not only wears out men and machines, but human creatures' lives.—Louisville Times.

## A Good Word for Tobacco.

Probably much the larger proportion of physicians are smokers, and doubtless the force is not far or less by laymen, who will scarcely believe that the tobacco habit can be so very injurious since those indulge who know most of its evil effects. This view of the matter is by no means justified. Because physicians smoke is no reason why others should be encouraged to do so. Every general practitioner ought to be a smoker, he who does is much safer from infection than he who is strictly temperate in that respect. Clothing well impregnated with the fumes of tobacco is a poor conductor for disease germs. And, what is more important, a "tobacco breath" is decidedly unfriendly to them. The germs of many diseases infect through the air passages. He who smokes does not furnish favorable conditions for their lodgment. According to the Science, Dr. Hajek, of Vlunna, has declared that smokers are less liable to diphtheria than non-smokers, in the ratio of about one to three; and Dr. Schiff says that smoking is forbidden in the bacteriological laboratories because it is known to hinder development of bacteria in the various culture-media. We think Dr. Hajek does not go far enough, and believe that the physician who takes a "good smoke" before he is exposed to a diphtheria patient and another as soon as he leaves him, is practically safe from infection.—Boston Journal of Health.

## A New Idea in Pencils.

A novel pencil has been invented by a Philadelphia man and a company has been formed to make it. The pencil is covered with narrow strips of special prepared paper, run in coils and so arranged that by releasing one end of a coil with a pin, or the point of a pen-knife, a strip of paper can be peeled off, leaving the pencil with a cone point and about one-eighth of an inch of lead uncovered. The company proposes to cover lead, crayon, and slate pencils in the same way. The pencils are painted in fancy colors, and so closely wrapped around that the seams of the paper are said to be invisible.

## The World's Fair and American Railways.

The Queen & Crescent Route widely known as the road running the "Fast Trains in the South," is in the field to carry everybody from the South to the World's Fair at Chicago. No part of the Southern country is left unscathed by this great railway and its connections. The Through Car System is an admirable exposition of the wonderful capabilities of American railroading. From New Orleans Through Sleeping Cars run daily, morning and evening, carrying its passengers via Cincinnati or Louisville, as they selected.

From St. Louis, Vicksburg and Jackson another Through Sleepers and Cars come to join and become a part of the magnificent Westbound Through Trains, which "passing through Birmingham and the famous Wills Valley of Alabama, is joined at Chattanooga by the train from Jacksonville, Fla., Brunswick, and Atlanta, Ga., over the E. T. V. & Ga. railroad, and proceeds north over the beautiful Cindian Southern, through the grandest scenery and most attractive historical country in the world, to Oakdale, where another magnificent Pullman car is received, coming from the Richmond & Danville System from Charleston, S. C., through Columbia, S. C., the beautiful French Broad country, and Asheville, N. C. and Knoxville, Tenn.

The time to Chicago is made so as afford the most convenient hours for departures from the principal cities and in all Chicago.

Passengers can purchase tickets good over one line north of the river, and returning via another if they desire a variable route without extra charge. Or they can go via Cincinnati, returning via Louisville, or vice versa.

Round trip tickets on sale at reduced rates. Agents of the Chicago line will on request assist in looking up rooms or accommodation for visitors to the Fair.

Everything that an almost perfect system can devise to deserve the praise and patronage of the traveling public has been provided. Any of the agents of the company named below, will cheerfully give all possible information and assistance. R. H. COOPER, 112 Main Street, Mt. Sterling, Miss. J. B. McGehee, Birmingham, Ala. E. T. Charlton, Chattanooga, Tenn. W. D. Cozart, Junction City, Ky., or D. G. Edwards, Cincinnati, Ohio.

42-ft. E. L. DAWSON & SON, Gettysburg, Pa.

## Shouldn't Let Her Complexion Get So Near.

Maud—Why did you break off your engagement with Charley?

Ellen—Well, you see, he would wear shirts and neckties which didn't become my complexion.—Chicago Herald.

## Something Unusual.

As a medicine's Dr. Pierre's Golden Medical Discovery. And, because of that, there's something unusual in the way of selling it. Wherever every other medicine of its kind only promises, this is guaranteed. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

It's the only guaranteed remedy for every disease caused by a disordered liver or impure blood. Dystrophy, Biliousness, the most stubborn skin, sculp and scrofulous affections, even consumption (or lung-scarfola) in its earlier stages, are all cured by it.

It purifies and enriches the blood, rouses every organ into healthy action, and restores strength and vigor. In building up both flesh and strength of pale, puny, scrofulous children, or to invigorate and brace up the system after "Grippe," pneumonia, fevers, and other prostrating acute diseases, nothing can equal the "Discovery."

Catarrh is positively cured by Dr. Sage's Remedy.

Remarks by Colonel DeBauch.

The country is going to the dogs, and Congress will prescribe a remedy for hydrocephalus.

I am informed that political plotters were not made to stand on, but to dodge under when it rains.

The cry of hard times is a blessing in disguise. It gives so many honest men an excuse for not paying their debts.

Some men whip the devil round the stump because they are too lazy to give him an alibi in a ten-acre field.

Before a man goes to Congress he gives his constituents the earth; but he takes a mortgage on it which he forecloses as soon as he gets there.

The office that seeks the man in this enlightened age is the one where the funds are missing.—Atlanta Constitution.

## HILL'S Double Chloride of Gold Tablets.

**REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE**  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE A CURE  
FOR TOBACCO HABIT  
BY THE USE OF THESE TABLETS.  
WE PROMISE TO MAKE YOU FREE FROM THE HABIT IN SEVEN DAYS.  
IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH THE TABLETS  
WE WILL REFUNDS YOUR MONEY.

WE GUARANTEE

The book containing the acts of the last Legislature will contain 1,570 pages.

There were 330 business failures throughout the United States during the past week, as against 184 the same period last year.

Georgetown is building a tabernacle 50x150 feet, seating capacity 1,500, for the purpose of holding a meeting as soon as completed.

Hon. Theodore F. Hallam is announced as a candidate for State Senator against Mr. William Goebel, and the race promises to be interesting.

The National banks of New York now hold \$24,120,500 in excess of the reserve required by law. Two months ago it was difficult to keep the reserve intact.

While Houston Kelley and Eliza Dent, colored of Paris, were sleeping on the same bed, some one discharged a dynamite bomb between them, killing them instantly.

Ex-Mayor C. Booker Reed, of Louisville, whom Mayor Henry S. Tyler, the present incumbent and Democratic nominee defeated four years ago, has been nominated as an independent candidate.

At Covington, Tuesday, the C. & O. was fined ten thousand dollars for blockading Thirteenth street, in that city. This is the heaviest fine ever imposed on any railroad company in the United States.

The aggregate purchases of silver bullion by the Treasury Department during September were 2,745,405 ounces, 1,754,585 less than authorized by the Sherman act.

Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, Congressman from the Ashland district, was at his home in Lexington, several days the past week. He is now at his post in Washington again.

Editor Joseph C. Frank says: "Whiskey kills nine men to the mad dog's one." When a mad dog makes his appearance the entire neighborhood is in arms, and do not stop until his life has been taken, but this cannot be said of the whiskey traffic.

A man giving his name as Frank Watts, gave himself up to the St. Louis police, saying he had robbed a bank in Mt. Vernon, Westchester County, N. Y., on \$1500, in October of last year. He came West with the money, and in Cincinnati met a man named Henry Woods, who he says stole \$800 of the money. He was a janitor in the bank.

An Exchange says: "Leafless tree branches under which so many farm implements are stored are not so effective in protecting from winter's rains and snows as the roof of barn. If you have no room in the barn make a shelter of straw or corn stalks and under it store your implements."

M. O. Cockrell is deputy collector under Col. T. H. Shelby, having received his commission the last day of September. Mr. Cockrell made his first trip as deputy collector, the second of October. Beginning this week he will visit all dealers and manufacturers within his jurisdiction. Mr. Cockrell will make an active and efficient officer.

In the Clark County Circuit Court the famous cases growing out of the French-Eversole feud in Perry County have been filed away. These cases were transferred by the Legislature from Perry to Clark. The court docket is crowded and there is not much chance to secure convictions, and as the return of the cases to Perry County would mean another war, Judge Scott decided to file them away.

At St. Louis, a young Englishman who registered at Hurst's Hotel as J. A. Gunberg, received two registered letters which the postal authorities declined to deliver until he was identified. They were opened in his presence, however, and found to contain checks and money amounting to \$5000. Gunberg became angry at refusal, snatched the checks and money applied a match to them. He has since received money by cable and departed.

The Synod of Kentucky will hold its session for 1893 with the Winchester Presbyterian Church South, beginning this evening at 7:30 p. m. Of it, the Winchester Democrat says:

"The initial sermon will be preached by Dr. Rutherford, of Paris, the Moderator of the last meeting. Immediately after the close of the introductory sermon the ladies of the church will hold a reception in the church parlor."

#### HORSE AND TRACK.

Trotter by Young Jim cut his record to 2:14½ at Evansville, Ind.

O. A. Illekok will drive Nancy Banks in her fast trials until Dobie gets better.

Trot at Lexington this week. The \$5,000 stake to-day; free-for-all tomorrow.

Hal Braden, 2:06½, and Hal Dillard 2:08½, are the fastest pair of stallions that can be found in one stable.

It is said that A. H. Moore, the owner of Director, 2:17, is willing to pay \$50,000 for that horse's great son Director, 2:06½.

C. J. Hamlin is confident that Fantasy, 2:13½, will capture the three-year-old record before she is brought home this fall.

Prima Donna, 2:06½, will not eat oats. She is a light mare, and her strength is kept up by eating whole corn from the cob.

Curtis, the clever reisman that marked Pamlico in 2:11½ and drove him in all of his races this year, is but twenty years old.

Cut Glass (2) by Onward won the stake for that age at Evansville; time 2:20½. The great filly, Director's Flower, caught the flag.

Unless trotters are well bred on both sides I am afraid of them," was the remark of a trotting horseman a few days since. They are almost surely to disappoint you sooner or later.

The leading living sires, with this year's additions, now stand as follows: "Nutwood, 100; Red Wilkes, 81; Onward, 71; Alcantara, 61; Egbert, 58; Robert McGregor, 49, and Stratford 49.

Pamlico won the 2:12 trot at Lexington last Saturday in straight heats, best time 2:11½. Nellie A. won the \$5,000 stake, best time 2:23½. May Marshall won the 2:11 pace in 2:10½, 2:11 and 2:09, Blanche Louise second.

Up to the close of last week Geers led all of the teamsters as a winner in 1893, the gross winnings of horses driven by him amounting to \$33,900. Goldsmith stands second with \$32,340. McHenry third with \$29,875, and John Dickenson fourth with \$28,500.

In all the history and theory of breeding nothing seems so much required to be told over and over again as to the fact that to breed for a quality it is necessary to breed from animals that have quality. If you would have a race horse, you must breed not merely from the blood that has produced race horses, but from race horses themselves.

The 2:20 pace at the Terra Haute meeting furnished about as much excitement as anything during the week. Hal Braden was the ultimate winner, but it took six fast heats to decide it. Rocker won the first, reducing his record to 2:11. Will Kerr took the second in the sensational time, 2:07½, which gave him the five-year-old record. Hal Braden got the third in 2:08½, May Marshall the fourth in 2:09, the record for a mare, after which the son of Brown Hal gathered in the next two heats in 2:09½, 2:10½.

**Louisville Tobacco Market.**

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 3,038 hds. with receipts for the same period of 968 hds.

Sale, 1, amount to 107,395 hds. Sales of the crop of 1892 on our market amount to 102,208 hds.

The market for burley tobacco the first of the week was stronger, but the latter part of the week eased up a little and closed about as prices were the week previous. Some few hds. of new burley have been sold, and as a rule, were very poor in quality.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for burley tobacco (1892 crop):

Trash. (Dark damaged tobacco, \$3.50 to \$4.00.)

Common color trash, \$4.25 to \$5.00.

Medium to good color trash, \$5 to \$7.

Common lugs, not color, \$4.00 to \$5.

Common color lugs, \$5 to \$7.50.

Medium to good color lugs, \$7.50 to \$9.

Common to medium leaf, \$9 to \$10.

Medium to good leaf, \$9 to \$14.

Good to fine leaf, \$14 to \$16.

Select wrapper style, \$16 to \$26.

**Glover & Durrett.**

Excellent mince pies for 3 cents as we are selling the condensed meat at 10 cents a package.

CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

#### LAND STOCK AND CROP.

Farris and Whitley bought a bunch of 1,100-lb. feeders from Jim Knox at 3c, and eight head from Wm. Calvert at the same price.—Danville Advocate.

Simon Well bought last week of Caswell Prowitt and son, Clifton, 110 head of export cattle at 4 cents, and also of Wm. Spencer 50 head at 4½ cents, and 50 head at 4½ cents.

Farris and Whitley bought of W. F. Davis eight head of cattle, average weight \$1,400, at 3½c. These gentlemen will feed about 300 head this winter. They have 200 head that will be ready for the export market in about six weeks. They also bought thirty-five 100-lb. steers at 5c.—Danville Advocate.

John and Andrew English bought the past week from different parties in the county, and shipped Saturday from this point, 180 head of cattle. Eighty head averaged 1100 pounds, and one hundred head 1400 pounds. They were bought at from 3 to 3½ cents per pound.

Tuesday D. C. Terhune shipped from Harrisburg, to James Guthrie, of Versailles, 100 male colts that had been bought from the choice lot in six counties at an average cost of between \$62 and \$83 per head. They were pronounced the finest lot of sugar stock seen in this section for years.—Danville Advocate.

Kidde & Bush last week bought for Lehman Bros., Baltimore, or Rankin White, 15 head of cattle at 4½ cents, averaging 1500, and 30 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1500. They also bought of Clifton Prowitt 34 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1500 lbs.; also of Albert Sloper 27 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1550; of Marion Hadden 15 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1475, and of James Shront 37 head at 4½, averaging 1550.

Mr. W. A. Jones sold his drop of growing tobacco to J. W. Thomas, of Paris, for 12½c. .... John Talbot sold to A. B. Murray, of Louisville, five two-year-old mules at \$140 per head. .... It is reported that several growing crops of tobacco were sold for 13c. last week near Carlisle. .... John S. Talbot and brother sold their crop of growing tobacco to Hiram Carpenter at 10c. per pound.—North Middletown Advance.

Wm. Moreland has bought in this county in the last two weeks 700 fat hoggs from 4½ to 5½c. He paid 6c. for a few extra good ones. He also bought two car loads of lambs at 2½c. and 25 head of butcher cattle at 1½ to 2½ cents. .... As agent of John W. Poor & Co., R. A. Burnside bought in this county 5,000 bushels of wheat at 54c. It was loaded Saturday to be shipped to Newport News.—Interior Journal.

W. H. Dudderar sold to E. P. Woods four 1,100-lb. cattle at 3½ cents. .... J. S. Owsley, Sr., bought of James Dudderar two 2-year-old mules at \$55, one from J. G. Lyon at \$60, and of John Smith two at \$50. .... Capt. E. T. Rochester has sold his farm of 90 acres with residence, near the water works, to J. S. Hinney at \$90, possession to begin Nov. 15, when it is sold the Capital and family will remove to Texas. .... Ben Gaines, Jr., has rented the John Smith farm of 200 acres on the Lancaster pike for \$500.—Interior Journal.

**Mt. Sterling Gas and Electric Co.**

#### SEND FIFTY CENTS

FOR A TRIAL MONTH'S SUBSCRIPTION

**Louisville Times.**

THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST AFTERNOON PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

Latest Market Quotations.

Latest State News.

All the Local News.

Complete Press Reports.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE SOUTH.

50,000 AND OVER DAILY.

60 CENTS A MONTH OR, \$5.00 A YEAR BY MAIL.

JNO. A. HALDEMAN, Bus. Manager,

604 FOURTH AVENUE,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

#### MID-SUMMER SALE.

\* CHOICE SEASONABLE GOODS GOES

My Stock consists of Clothing to suit the trade. SUITS OF CLOTHES which brought a profit early in the season now goes for even less than the cost of manufacturing. PANTS, COATS and VESTS, single or together at cut prices.

Then I would ask you to see my novelties in Shoes. They are being sold at what the people call in these times of money stringency, baigains.

**FURNISHING GOODS.**

Everything desirable for a little money.

Call at the

**NEW YORK PAWNBROKER'S STORE**  
**JACOB GORDON.**

24 South Maysville St., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

#### TABLER'S PILE BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PINES.

A SURE and CERTAIN CURE

Known for 10 years as the BEST

REMEDY FOR PINES.

Proposed by EIGHTH-CENTURY PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

WE HANDLE

GAS HEATING

AND COOKING

STOVES, AND

ARE PREPARED

TO DO ALL

KINDS OF

PLUMBING WORK.

NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

W. ADAMS & SON,

25-YR 42 Broadway, Lexington, K.

INSURE YOUR

TOBACCO

WITH

**BAIRD & WINN.**

Do you want to make a safe investment? If so, put your money

in the

**NATIONAL HOME**

**Building and Loan Association.**

One of the oldest and largest companies in the world, 15,000 now sold in Mt. Sterling. Call and examine my plan.

**JAMES R. WILSON,**

Tyler-Apperson Bldg., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

#### REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF

**Mt. Sterling National Bank,**

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, OCT. 3, 1893.

#### RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$ 2,610.00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	7,245.00
Bank accounts, etc.	20,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents	30,394.00
Due from State Banks and bankers	1,471.00
Banking house funds and fixtures	7,000.00
Current expenses and taxes accrued	1,723.64
Bills of other banks	1,695.00
Specie	16,048.15
Deposits with U. S. Treasury	5,000.00
Total	\$26,295.42

Total

\$26,295.42

Capital stock paid in

Surplus fund

National Bank Notes outstanding

Individual deposits subject to check

Time certificates of deposit

Due to State bank and bankers

Total

\$102,205.02

State of Kentucky, county of Montgomery.

I, H. H. French, Cashier of the above named bank, solemnly swear and declare that the statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. H. French, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of October, 1893.

J. L. White, N. P.

Correct—Attest:

J. L. White, N. P.

W. F. Cookrell, Director.

L. S. Fifer,

L. S. Apperson,

B. F. Cookrell,

Directors.

Encouraging news comes from Wheeling in regard to the improvement in the industrial situation in the upper Ohio valley. It is estimated that ten thousand men who have been idle in the Wheeling district will be given employment this week by the resumption of operations in iron-works, nail-works and glass factories.

ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS, MT. STERLING, KY.

The first term will begin Sept. 4, 1893. Academic and College Preparatory Course.

Department. A limited number of boarding pupils.

For terms or other information address Miss G. M. Lewis (until August 15), Mayville, Ky.

JOHN SAMUELS.